

# Electrochemical Water Splitting Coupled with Organic Compound Oxidation: *The Role of Active Chlorine Species*

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## Supporting Information

Table S1. Kinetic Balances and Steady State Concentrations of the Reaction Species.

<b>Charge Balance</b>	$I_{\text{cell}} = I_{\text{an}} = I_{\text{ca}}$ $I_{\text{an}} = I_{\text{an}}^{\text{OH}} + I_{\text{an}}^{\text{O}_2}$ $I_{\text{ca}} = I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{H}^+} + I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{O}_2^1} + I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{O}_2^4} + I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{Cl}^\bullet} + I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{Cl}_2^{\bullet-}} + I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{ClO}^-} = I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{H}^+} + I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{O}_2^1} + I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{O}_2^4} + I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{Cl}_2^{\bullet-}} + I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{ClO}^-}$
<b>Reactive Species Balance</b>	$[\text{rs}] = [\text{OH}^\bullet] + [\text{Cl}^\bullet] + [\text{Cl}_2^{\bullet-}] + [\text{ClO}^-]$
<b>Kinetic Balance</b>	$k_s = k_{\text{OH}+\text{S}} + k_{\text{Cl}^\bullet+\text{S}} + k_{\text{Cl}_2^{\bullet-}+\text{S}} + k_{\text{ClO}^-+\text{S}}$
<b>Equilibrium</b>	$\text{>Ti-OH}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{>Ti-OH} + \text{H}^+ \quad (pK_a = 4.5)$ $\text{>Ti-OH} \rightleftharpoons \text{>Ti-O}^- + \text{H}^+ \quad (pK_a = 8.0)$ $\text{HOCl} \rightleftharpoons \text{ClO}^- + \text{H}^+ \quad (pK_a = 7.4)$ $\text{PhOH} \rightleftharpoons \text{PhO}^- + \text{H}^+ \quad (pK_a = 9.8)$
<b>Steady-state Approximations</b>	$[\text{OH}^\bullet]_{\text{ss}} = \frac{4I_{\text{an}} - I_{\text{an}}^{\text{O}_2}}{4FV(k_{\text{OH,Cl}}[\text{Cl}^\bullet]_{\text{ss}})}$ $[\text{Cl}_2^{\bullet-}]_{\text{ss}} = \frac{k_{\text{Cl,Cl}}[\text{Cl}^\bullet]_{\text{ss}}[\text{Cl}^-]_{\text{ss}} - \frac{I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{Cl}_2}}{FV}}{k_{R_n, \text{Cl}_2}[\text{R}_n]_{\text{ss}}}$ $[\text{ClO}^-]_{\text{ss}} = \frac{k_{\text{Cl}}^{\text{ClO}}[\text{Cl}^\bullet]_{\text{ss}} - \frac{I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{ClO}}}{2FV}}{k_{\text{OH,ClO}}[\equiv \text{Ti} - \bullet\text{OH}]_{\text{ss}} + k_{\text{ClO}_3}^{\text{ClO}} + k_{R_n, \text{ClO}}[\text{R}_n]_{\text{ss}}}$ $\frac{d[\text{H}_2]}{dt} = k_{\text{H}_2}[e^-]^2 = \frac{I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{H}_2}}{2FV}$ $\frac{d[\text{O}_2]}{dt} = k_{\text{O}_2}[\equiv \text{Ti} - \bullet\text{OH}]^4 - k_{\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}}^{\text{r}4}[\text{O}_2][\text{H}^+]^4[e^-]^4 - k_{\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}}^{\text{r}1}[\text{O}_2][e^-]$ $= \frac{I_{\text{an}}^{\text{O}_2} - I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{O}_2^4} - 4I_{\text{ca}}^{\text{O}_2^1}}{4FV}$

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$$\frac{d[CO_2]}{dt} = k_{CO_2} [R_{n+1}][Ox]$$


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**Table S2.** Reaction Constants of  $Cl^\bullet$  and  $Cl_2^{\bullet-}$  for Substrates

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Substrate	$k_{Cl^\bullet}$	$k_{Cl_2^{\bullet-}}$
H <sub>2</sub> O	$2.5 \times 10^5 \text{ s}^{-1}$	$1.3 \times 10^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$
t-BuOH	$6.5 \times 10^8 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$< 700 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
HCOO <sup>-</sup>	$1.3 \times 10^8 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$1.9 \times 10^6 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
EtOH	$7.5 \times 10^8 - 1.5 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$4.5 \times 10^4 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
Me <sub>3</sub> COH	$7.0 \times 10^8 - 1.5 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$7.0 \times 10^2 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
Acetic acid	$2.0 \times 10^8 - 6.0 \times 10^8 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$2.2 \times 10^3 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
Fumaric acid	$3.0 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$2.0 \times 10^5 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
Phenol	$2.5 \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$2.5 \times 10^8 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$

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